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Issued	d: September 8, 1998)	Examiner: Paul Kulik
Applio	cant:)	
Dicker	ns-Soeder2000,LLC)	Attorney Docket No.:
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Reexan	nination Proceeding:)	
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Filed	December 21, 1999)	NECEIVED
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90/005	5,628)	
Filed:	February 2, 2000)	,
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Reexan	nination Proceeding:)	
90/005	5,727)	
Filed:	May 16, 2000)	
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Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Pursuant to the DECISION, SUA SPONTE, TO MERGE 30 REEXAMINATION AND REISSUE PROCEEDINGS, dated November 03, 2000 and mailed November 6, 2000 ("the Decision"),

the Applicant in the above referenced Reissue Application and Patent Owner in the above referenced Reexamination Proceedings, which were merged by the Decision, hereby submits the House Keeping Amendment called for in the Decision and 37 C.F.R. \$1.565(d). This Amendment will serve to place all claims currently in the above referenced Reissue Application in the merged Reexamination Proceeding files. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner add the following new claims, the same new claims as were 10 added in the Reissue application, to the above referenced Reexamination Proceeding files. As required by the decision, this identical Amendment is submitted separately in each of the above referenced files, pursuant to the Decision, though these claims are 15 already a part of the above referenced Reissus Application.

In the Claims of the above referenced

Reexamination Proceeding files, please add the

following new claims:

16. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in a database, comprising the steps of:

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein M_1

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 M_2 is the numerical month designator, $D_1 \not D_2$ is the numerical day designator, and Y_1 Y_2 is/the numerical year designator, all of the symbolid representations of dates falling within a 10-decade period of time; selecting a window with a YA YB value for a pivot 5 date of the window, $Y_A Y_B$ being no later than the earliest $Y_1 Y_2$ year designator/in the database; determining a century designator C1 C2 for each symbolic representation of /a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B 10 and having a second val ψ e if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than YA YB; and reformatting the symbolic representation of each symbolic representation of a date in the database, without the addition of any new data field to the 15 database, with the reformatted symbolic the values $C_1 \not E_2$, Y_1 Y_2 , M_1 M_2 , and D_1 D_2 , in order to facilitate $c\phi$ llectively further processing the reformatted/symbolic representations of each of the 20 symbolic representations of each of the dates. 17. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the window includes of the decade beginning in the year /2000.

18. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the step of determining includes the step of:

determining the first value as 20 and the second value as 19.

- 19. (New) The method of claim 16, including an additional step, after the step of reformatting, of:

 sorting the symbolic representations of dates.
 - 20. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the step of reformatting includes the step of:
- reformatting each symbolic representation of a date into the format C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 M_1 M_2 D_1 D_2 separately from the symbolic representations in the database.
 - 21. (New) The method of claim 20, including an additional step, after the step of reformatting, of:
- sorting the symbolic representations of dates using a numerical-order sort.
 - 22. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the step of providing a database includes the step of:

converting pre-existing date information having a different format into the format wherein M_1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, D_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator and Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator.

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23. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the step of selecting includes the step of:

selecting Y_A Y_B such that Y_B is 0 (zero)

- 24. (New) The method of claim 16, including an
- additional step, after the step of reformatting, of: storing the symbolic representation of dates and their associated information back into the database.
 - 25. (New) The method of claim 24/ including the additional step, after the step of reformatting, of:
- 10 manipulating information in the database having the reformatted date information therein.
 - 26. (New) A method of $pr\phi$ cessing dates in a database, comprising the steps of

providing a database with dates stored therein 15 according to a format wherein M_1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, D_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator, and $Y_1 Y_2$ is the numerical year designator, all of the symbolic representations of dates falling within a 10-decade period of time;

20 selecting \not a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot date of t/he window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earlies $\not = Y_1 Y_2$ year designator in the database;

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determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

reformatting the symbolic representation of each
symbolic representation of a date in the database,
without the addition of any new data field to the
database, with the reformatted symbolic
representation of each date in the database having

the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , M_1 M_2 , and D_1 D_2 , in order to facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates; and sorting the dates in the form C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 M_1 M_2 D_1 D_2 .

27. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein the step of providing a database includes the step of:

converting pre-existing date information having a different format into the format wherein M_1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, D_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator and Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year

28. (New) The method of claim 26, wherein the step of selecting includes the step of:

selecting Y_A Y_B such that Y_B is 0 (zero).

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designator.

30. (New) The method of claim 29, including the additional step, after the step of sorting, of:

manipulating information in the database having the reformatted dates therein.

31. (New) A method of processing symbolic

representations of dates stored in a database,

comprising the steps of:

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for the first decade of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each symbolic representation of a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or

greater than $Y_A Y_B$; and

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reformatting the symbolic representation of /each symbolic representation of a date in the database, without the addition of any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic 5 representation of each date in the database having the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , in order to /facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each/of the symbolic representations of each of the /dates. 32. (New) A method of processing dates in a database, 10 comprising the steps of: providing a database with/symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein Y1 Y_2 is the numerical <u>yea</u> designator; 15 selecting a window w_{A}^{\prime} th a Y_{A} Y_{B} value for a pivot year of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 yeaf designator in the database; determining a contury designator C_1 C_2 for each symbolic representation of a date in the database, C1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B 20 and having $\frac{1}{4}$ second value if $Y_1 Y_2$ is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

reformating the symbolic representation of each of the dates in the database, without the addition of

any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C₁ C₂, Y₁ Y₂, in order to facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the dates; and

sorting the dates in the form $C_1 \not Q_2 Y_1 Y_2$.

33. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in a database,

10 comprising the steps of:

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for the first decade of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each symbolic representation of a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B

and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ; and

symbolic representation of each
symbolic representation of a date in the database,
without changing any of the symbolic representations

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of a date in the database during the reformatting step, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , in order to facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the dates.

34. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates stored in at least one date field of a database utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored in the at least one date field of the database, which are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the steps of:

converting each of the symbolic representations of dates stored in the at least one date field of the database to a symbolic representation of each of the respective dates that does not create the ambiguity, by windowing the symbolic representations of each of the respective dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database against a pivot year represented by one of the symbolic representations of the dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database, without the addition of any new data field to the database for purposes of such windowing and converting; and,

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converted symbolic representations of each of the respective dates to sort or otherwise manipulate the dates represented by the converted symbolic representations, separately from the date data symbolic representations contained in the at least one date field of the database.

running a program collectively on each of the

- 35. (New) A method of claim 34 further comprising the step of:
- opening the database prior to the step of converting.
 - 36. (New) The method of claim 34 further comprising the step of:
- 15 collectively softing the converted symbolic representations prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.
 - 37. (New) The method of claim 35 further comprising
- 20 the step of:

 collectively sorting the converted symbolic representations prior to the step of running the

program ϕ n the converted symbolic representations.

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38. (New) The method of claim 34 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic representations prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

39. (New) The method of claim 35 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic

representations prior to the step of running the

program on the converted symbolic representations.

40. (New) The method of claim 34 further comprising the step of:

collectively sorting the converted symbolic representations according to a different data field contained in the database from the at least one date field, prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

41. (New) The method of claim 35 further comprising the step of:

representations according to a different data field contained in the database from the at least one date

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field, prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

42. (New) The method of claim 34 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic representations according to a different data field contained in the database from the at least one date field, prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

43. (New) The method of clarim 35 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipu/ating the converted symbolic representations according to a different data entry 15 field contained in the database from the at least one date field, prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

20 44. (New) The method of claim 34 wherein the program performs an peration which manipulates the data in a data field/associated with the at least one date field of the database according to the converted symbolic representation of the date.

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- 46. (New) The method of claim 34 wherein the step of converting includes converting at Aeast a substantial portion of each of the plurality of symbolic
- 10 representations of dates in the at least one date field and repeating this step until each of the date data entries in the at least one date field is converted into the format that des not have the ambiguity.
- 15 (New) The method of claim 35 wherein the step of converting includes converting at least a substantial portion of each of the plurality of symbolic representations of dates in the at least one date field and repeating this step until each of the date data entries In the at least one date field is converted 20
- into the format that does not have the ambiguity.
 - (New) The method of claim 46 further comprising the steps of:

collectively sorting the converted symbolic representations prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

5 49. (New) The method of claim 47 further comprising the steps of:

representations prior to the step of running the program on the converted symbolic representations.

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50. (New) The method of claim 46 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic representations.

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51. (New) The method of claim 49 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic representations.

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52. (New) The method of claim 46 further comprising the step of:

dollectively sorting the converted symbolic representations according to a different data field in

the database than the at least one date field, prior to the step of running the program.

53. (New) The method of laim 47 further comprising the step of:

collectively sorting the converted symbolic representations according to a different data field in the database than the at least one date field, prior to the step of running the program.

(New) The method of claim 52 further comprising the step of:

collective y manipulating the converted symbolic.

15 55. (New) The method of claim 53 further comprising the step of:

collectively manipulating the converted symbolic representations.

20 56. (New) The method of claim 52 wherein the program performs an operation which manipulates the data in a data field associated/with the at least one date field of the database acoording to the converted symbolic representation of the date.

58. (New) The method of claim 54 wherein the program performs an operation which manipulates the data in a data field associated with the at least one date field of the database according to the converted symbolic representation of the date.

59. (New) The method of claim 55 wherein the program

performs an operation which manipulates the data in a

data field associated with the at least one date field

of the database according to the converted symbolic

representation of the date.

stored in at least one date field of a database

utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored

in the at least one date field of the database, which

are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in

each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the

steps of:

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converting each of the symbolic representations of dates stored in the at least one date field of the database to a symbolic representation of each of the respective dates that does not create the ambiguity, by windowing the symbolic representations of each of the respective dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database against a pivot year represented by one of the symbolic representations of the dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database, without modifying any of the symbolic representations of dates in the at least one date field of the database for purposes of such windowing and converting;

running a program on each of the converted symbolic

representations of each of the respective dates to

sort or otherwise manipulate data in the database

according to the dates represented by the converted

symbolic representations, separately from the date

data symbolic representations of dates contained in

the at least one date field of the database.

61. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates

stored in at least one date field of a database

utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored

in the at least one date field of the database, which

are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in

each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the steps of:

converting each of the symbolic representations of dates stored in the at least one date field of the database to a symbolic representation of each of the respective dates that does not create the ambiguity, by windowing the symbolic representations of each of the respective dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database against a pivot year represented by one of the symbolic representations of the dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database, without modifying any of the symbolic representations of dates in the at least date field of the database for purposes of such windowing and converting;

running a program collectively on each of the

converted symbolic representations of each of the

respective dates to sort or otherwise manipulate the

dates represented by the converted symbolic

representations, separately from the symbolic

representations of dates contained in the at least

one date field of the database.

62. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates stored in at least one date field of a database

utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored

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converting each of the symbolic representations of 5 dates stored in the at least one date fileld of the database to a symbolic representation ϕ f each of the respective dates that does not created the ambiguity, by windowing the symbolic represent/ations of each of 10 the respective dates as stored in the at least one

date field of the database against a pivot year represented by one of the symbolic representations of the dates as stored in the a_t least one date field of the database, without the addition of any new data

field to the database for purposes of such windowing 15 and converting;

> storing the converted/symbolic representations separate from the at/ least one date field of the database; and

20 running a program on the stored converted symbolic representation \$\forall to sort or otherwise manipulate data in the database according to the dates represented by the converted symbolic representations, separately from the symbolic representations of dates contained 25

in the at/least one date field of the database.

63. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates

stored in at least one date field of a database
utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored
in the at least one date field of the database, which
are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in
each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the
steps of:

dates stored in the at least one date field of the

database to a symbolic representation of each of the

respective dates that does not create the ambiguity,

by windowing the symbolic representations of each of

the respective dates as stored in the at least one

date field of the database against a pivot year

represented by one of the symbolic representations of

the dates as stored in the at least one date field of

the database, without the addition of any new data

field to the database for purposes of such windowing

and converting;

storing the donverted symbolic representations

separate from the at least one date field of the

database; and

running a program collectively on the stored

converted symbolic representations to sort or

otherwise manipulate the dates represented by the

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converted symbolic representations, separately from the symbolic representations of dates contained in the at least one date field of the database.

5 64. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates
stored in at least one date field of a database
utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored
in the at least one date field of the database, which
are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in

10 each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the
steps of:

dates stored in the at least one date field of the database to a symbolic representation of each of the respective dates that does not create the ambiguity, by windowing the symbolic representations of each of the respective dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database against a pivot year represented by one of the symbolic representations of the dates as stored in the at least one date field of the database, without modifying any of the symbolic representations of the database, without modifying any of the symbolic representations of dates in the at least one date field of the database for purposes of such windowing and converting;

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storing the converted symbolic representations separate from the at least one date field in the database; and

running a program on the stored converted symbolic representations to sort or otherwise manipulate data in the database according to the dates represented by the converted symbolic representations, separately from the symbolic representations of dates contained in the at least one date field of the database.

10 65. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates
stored in at least one date field of a database
utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored
in the at least one date field of the database, which
are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in
15 each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the

converting each of the symbolic representations of

dates stored in the at least one date field of the

database to a symbolic representation of each of the

respective dates that does not create the ambiguity,

by windowing the symbolic representations of each of

the respective dates as stored in the at least one

date field of the database against a pivot year

represented by one of the symbolic representations of

the dates as stored in the at least one date field of

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steps of:

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the database, without modifying any of the symbolic representations of dates in the at least one date field of the database for purposes of such windowing and converting;

5 storing the converted symbolic representations
separate from the at least one date field in the
database; and

running a program collectively on the stored

converted symbolic representations to sort or

otherwise manipulate the dates represented by the

converted symbolic representations, separately from

the symbolic representations of dates contained in

the at least one date field of the database.

15 66. (New) A method of processing dates in a database, comprising the steps of:

providing a database with dates stored in at least one date field therein according to a format wherein $\underline{M_1\ M_2}$ is the numerical month designator, $\underline{D_1\ D_2}$ is the numerical day designator, and $\underline{Y_1\ Y_2}$ is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot date of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

- symbolic representation of a date in a portion of the at least one date field in the database, without the addition of any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date
- in the database having the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , M_1 M_2 , and D_1 D_2 ; and

repeating the step of reformatting until each

symbolic representation of a date in the at least one

date field has been reformatted in order to

- facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates.
 - 67. (New) A method of processing dates in a database, comprising the steps of:
- providing a database with dates stored in at least one date field therein according to a format wherein Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot date of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

reformatting the symbolic representation of each

symbolic representation of a date in a portion of the at least one date field in the database, without the addition of any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 ; and repeating the step of reformatting until each

symbolic representation of a date in the at least one date field has been reformatted in order to facilitate collectively further processing the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates.

20 68. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in a database, comprising the steps of:

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored in at least one date field therein

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according to a format wherein Y_1, Y_2 is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for the first decade of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the at least one date field of the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each symbolic representation of a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ; and

symbolic representation of a date in at least one date field in the database, without the addition of any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C₁ C₂, Y₁ Y₂, in order to facilitate further processing of the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates, by running a program on the reformatted symbolic representations

69. (New) A method of processing dates in a database, comprising the steps of:

of each of the dates.

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providing a database with dates stored in at least one date field therein according to a format wherein $\underline{Y_1}$ $\underline{Y_2}$ is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot year of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each date in the at least one date field of the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater

than Y_A Y_B ;

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reformatting the symbolic representation of each
symbolic representation of a date in the at least one
date field in the database, without the addition of

any new data field to the database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C₁ C₂, Y₁ Y₂;

sorting the reformatted symbolic representations of the dates in the form C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 ; and

running a program on the reformatted symbolic representations of each of the dates.

70. (New A method for representing and utilizing dates stored in at least one date field of a database

utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored in at least one date field of the database, which are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the steps of

converting each of the symbolic representations of

steps of

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dates stored in the at least one date field of the

database to a symbolic representation of each of the

respective dates that does not create the ambiguity,

by windowing the symbolic representations of each of

the respective dates as stored in the at least one

date field of the database against a pivot year, with

the pivot year being less than or equal to the

earliest date represented by the symbolic

representation of gates stored in the at least one

date field, without the addition of any new data

field to the database, and without modifying any of
the symbolic representations of dates in the at least
one date field, for purposes of such windowing and
converting; and,

running a program on the converted symbolic

representations of each of the dates to sort or

otherwise manipulate the dates represented by the

converted symbolic representations, separately from

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the date data symbolic representations contained in the at least one date field of the database.

71. (New) A method for representing and utilizing dates stored in at least one date field of the database utilizing symbolic representations of the dates stored in the at least one date field of the database, which are in a format that creates ambiguity between dates in each of a pair of adjacent centuries, comprising the steps of

converting each of the symbolic representations of

dates stored in the at least one date field of the

database to a symbolic representation of each of the

respective dates that does not create the ambiguity,

by windowing the symbolic representations of each of

the respective dates as stored in the at least one

date field of the database against a pivot year, with
the pivot year being less than or equal to the
earliest date represented by a symbolic
representation of dates stored in the at least one

date field, and without the addition of any new data field to the database for purposes of such windowing and converting;

storing each of the converted symbolic

representations of each of the dates separate from
the database; and,

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running a program on the stored converted symbolic representations of each of the converted symbolic representations of the dates to sort or otherwise manipulate the dates represented by the converted symbolic representations, separately from the date data symbolic representations contained in the at least one date field of the database.

72. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in/a database,

10 comprising the steps of

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selecting a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein M1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, D_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator, and Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical

15 year designator;

> selecting a 10-decade window with a YA YB value for the first decade/of the window, $Y_A Y_B$ being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

20 determining/a century designator C₁ C₂ for each symbolic η epresentation of a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B; and,

reformatting the symbolic representation of each symbolic representation of a date in the database with the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , M_1 M_2 , and D_1 D_2 prior to collectively further processing information contained within the database associated with the respective dates.

73. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in a/database, comprising the steps of

10 providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein Y1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator, all of the symbolic representations of dates falling within a 10-decade period of time;

15 selecting a 10-decade μ indow with a Y_A Y_B value for the first decade of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest $Y_1 Y_2$ year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each 20 symbolic representation of a date in the database, C1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1, Y_2 is equal to or greater than $Y_A Y_B$; and,

reformatting the symbolic representation of the date with the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , to facilitate further processing of the dates.

74. (New) A method of processing dates in a database,

comprising the steps of

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein Y1 $\underline{Y_2}$ is the numerical year designator f all of symbolic representations of dates falling Within a 10-decade

10 period of time;

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selecting a 10-decade window ψ ith a Y_A Y_B value for the first decade of the window, $Y_A Y_B$ being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

15 determining a century designator C₁ C₂ for each date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

reformatting each date in the form C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 to facilitate further processing of the dates; and,

sorting the dates in the form C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 .

75. (New) A method of processing symbolic representations of dates stored in a database, comprising the steps of

providing a database with symbolic representations of dates stored therein according to a format wherein M_1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, D_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator, and Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator;

selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot date of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database; determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each symbolic representation of a date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2 is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ; and

symbolic representation of a date in the database,
without the addition of any new data field to the
database, with the reformatted symbolic
representation of each date in the database having
the values C₁ C₂, Y₁ Y₂, M₁ M₂, and D₁ D₂, in order to
facilitate further processing of the reformatted

reformatting the symbolic representation of each

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symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates.

76. (New) A method of processing dates in a database, comprising the steps of

- providing a database with dates stored therein according to a format wherein M_1 M_2 is the numerical month designator, \tilde{D}_1 D_2 is the numerical day designator, and Y_1 Y_2 is the numerical year designator;
- selecting a window with a Y_A Y_B value for a pivot date of the window, Y_A Y_B being no later than the earliest Y_1 Y_2 year designator in the database;

determining a century designator C_1 C_2 for each date in the database, C_1 C_2 having a first value if Y_1 Y_2 is less than Y_A Y_B and having a second value if Y_1 Y_2

is equal to or greater than Y_A Y_B ;

reformatting the symbolic representation of each
symbolic representation of a date in the database,
without the addition of any new data field to the

database, with the reformatted symbolic representation of each date in the database having the values C_1 C_2 , Y_1 Y_2 , M_1 M_2 , and D_1 D_2 , in order to facilitate further processing of the reformatted

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Concluded .

symbolic representations of each of the symbolic representations of each of the dates; and

sorting the dates in the form C_1 C_2 Y_1 Y_2 M_1 M_2 D_1 D_2 .

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Remarks

The above amendment, pursuant to the requirements of the Decision and 37 C.F.R.\$1.565(d), places the claims added to the Reissue Application in the files for the above referenced Reexamination Proceedings.

Respect fylly submitted,

15

William C. Cray Reg.No. 27,627 ol-05-01



• Reedom

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FAX 949,497,7679 www.lagunalaw.com



Patent ◆ Trademark ◆ Copyright ◆ Trade Dress ◆ and Related Litigation

JAN 0 5 2001

January 5, 2009

Box: Non-Fee Amendment

Via: Express Mail

ET 051659772 US

Dear Commissioner:

Washington, DC 20231

Reissue Application No.:

United States Patent No.:

09/512,592

Enclosed is a **Housekeeping Amendment** in the merged cases:

RECEIVED

JAN 0 5 2001

Examiner: Paul Kulik

Attorney Docket No.:

2039-154

Group Art Unit: 2177

REEXAM UNIT

5,806,063)
Issued: September 8, 1998)
Applicant:)
Dickens-Seeder 2000 LLC

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Dickens-Soeder2000,LLC

Reexamination Proceeding: 90/005,592

Filed: December 21, 1999

Reexamination Proceeding:
90/005,628

Filed: February 2, 2000

Reexamination Proceeding:) 90/005,727

Filed: May 16, 2000

Attorney Docket No.: 2039-154

This Amendment consists of:

Housekeeping Amendment of 36 pages

New Claims 16-76

Information Disclosure Statement

USPTO Form PTO/SB/08A

Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement Submission

Certificate of Mailing

Certificate of Service By Mail

Return Receipt Postcard

The fee and certification requirements of 37 C.F.R. §1.97 have been waived pursuant to the DECISION, *SUA SPONTE*, TO MERGE REEXAMINATION AND REISSUE PROCEEDINGS, mailed November 6, 2000. The fee for examination of claims in excess of the original filing fee have been paid in the above referenced Reissue Application.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,

William C. Cray

Registration No. 27627

WCC/ns Enclosures January 5, 2001

BOX: NON-FEE AMENDMENT Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, DC 20231

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 CFR § 1.10

Re: Housekeeping Amendment in the merged cases:

Reissue Application No.:)	Group Art Unit: 21//
09/512,592)	
United States Patent No.:)	Examiner: Paul Kulik
5,806,063)	
Issued: September 8, 1998)	Attorney Docket No.:
Applicant:)	2039-154
Dickens-Soeder2000,LLC		
Reexamination Proceeding:)	
90/005,592)	
Filed: December 21, 1999)	
Reexamination Proceeding:)	RECEIVED
90/005,628)	,,
Filed: February 2, 2000		JAN 0 5 2001
Reexamination Proceeding:)		
90/005,727)	REEXAM UNIT
Filed: May 16, 2000)	•

Attorney Docket No.: 2039-154

Enclosed with this Certificate of Mailing is:
Housekeeping Amendment of 36 pages
New Claims 16-76
Information Disclosure Statement
USPTO Form PTO/SB/08A
Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement Submission
Certificate of Service By Mail
Return Receipt Postcard

The fee and certification requirements of 37 C.F.R. §1.97 have been waived pursuant to the DECISION, *SUA SPONTE*, TO MERGE REEXAMINATION AND REISSUE PROCEEDINGS, mailed November 6, 2000. The fee for examination of claims in excess of the original filing fee has been paid in the above referenced Reissue Application.

Nanees Salama

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